"Bosom, No. 2," called the waiter.

[illegible]

G. H. & L. LAFLIN,
Paper Commission Merchants,
Chicago, Illinois.

[illegible]

TAYLOR & HUBEL.

[illegible]

REPUBLICAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

[illegible]

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

FANCY TYPE & BORDERS

[illegible]

M. DUPUIS,

[illegible]

NEW SPRING GOODS!
Direct from Boston and New York!
CHAPMAN & IRVINE,
[illegible]
CHOICE SPRING GOODS,
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS
BOOTS AND SHOES.
HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
SILKS.
[illegible]

Look out for the Cars!
WHEN THE
BELL RINGS!!
CLEAR THE TRACK!!!
Excitement Extraordinary!
AT THE
NEW DRUG & BOOK STORE
OF DR. B. P. MILLER,
In Mt. Carroll,—Opposite the Court House.
[illegible]

PATENT MEDICINES.
[illegible]

WINDOW GLASS,
[illegible]
BIBLES AND HYMN BOOKS,
[illegible]

The Lovers of Literature
[illegible]

Money Wanted at No. 1!
IN EXCHANGE FOR A FRESH LOT
[illegible]

Dress Trimmings.
[illegible]

NEW GOODS,
Just Received and For Sale by
A. SHIRLER & CO.
[illegible]
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods;
GROCERIES; HARDWARE; BOOTS AND SHOES; HATS AND CAPS; QUEENSWARE; CLOTHING, &c. &c.
Among which may be found:
HEAVY DRY GOODS,
[illegible]
GOODS FOR THE LADIES.
[illegible]
READY MADE CLOTHING.
[illegible]
—HATS AND CAPS—
[illegible]
FOR SUMMER WEAR.
[illegible]
ALSO HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
[illegible]
BOOTS AND SHOES.
[illegible]
Also a large and valuable assortment of PLAIN AND FANCY FURNITURE.
[illegible]
A. SHIRLER & CO.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS FOR READY PAY.
WM. P. BAIRD,
AT THE
Cheap Store.
[illegible]
DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.
[illegible]
SILK GOODS.
[illegible]
DOMESTICS.
[illegible]
FLANNELS.
[illegible]
CLOTHS, SATTINETS, &C.
[illegible]
CLOTHING.
[illegible]
BOOTS & SHOES.
[illegible]
HATS, CAPS AND BONNETS.
[illegible]
QUEENSWARE & GLASSWARE.
[illegible]
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
[illegible]
GROCERIES.
[illegible]

New "Customer" BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.
[illegible]
Market street, [illegible]
Boots and Shoes of every description.
[illegible]

GREAT EXCITEMENT!
[illegible]

New Goods.
W. D. FISHER,
Is now receiving his rich and elegant
SPRING STOCK
OF
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.
[illegible]
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
[illegible]
Flounced Robes,
JACONETT, ORGANDES, CHALLIES, DELAINES, BAREGES AND BRILLIANTS, CRAPE & STELLA SHAWLS AND SCARFS, KID, SILK AND [illegible] LACE, MITTS, &C., A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY & WHITE GOODS, STRAW GOODS, BONNETS, FLATS & FANCY CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, GROCERIES, CUTLERY.
Crockery and Glass Ware.
[illegible]

NEW GOODS.
Great Excitement at the St. Louis Store in Mt. Carroll!
AN IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS JUST ARRIVING FROM THE EAST.
[illegible]
Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Crockery, Clothing, Hardware, &c. &c.
[illegible]
New & Fashionable Dress Goods!
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
[illegible]

ILLINOIS MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Located at Alton, Illinois.
CHARTERED FEBRUARY [illegible]—ORGANIZED APRIL 4th, [illegible]
[illegible]

DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S
CELEBRATED
German Bitters,
PREPARED BY
DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philad'a, Pa.
WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE
LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.
[illegible]

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD!
THE BEST ALTERATIVE KNOWN!!
Not a particle of Mercury in it!
[illegible]

Something New!
BRICK! BRICK!! BRICK!!!
J. & H. H. HALLETT,
[illegible]
SUPPLY ANY AMOUNT OF BRICK
[illegible]

Nothing New!
BUILDING HOUSES!
J. & H. H. HALLETT,
[illegible]
Furnishing Materials, and
PUTTING UP BRICK BUILDINGS.
[illegible]

The Racine and Mississippi R. R.
OPEN TO BELOIT!
[illegible]
GOING WEST—LEAVE RACINE.
[illegible]
GOING EAST—LEAVE BELOIT.
[illegible]
H. S. DURAND, President.

GREAT WESTERN MAIL ROUTE.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 7, 1856, [illegible]
GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.
MAIN LINE.
For Freeport, Galena and Dunleith.
[illegible]
Chicago, Fulton and Iowa Line.
FOR DIXON, FULTON AND CENTRAL IOWA.
[illegible]
Beloit and Madison Branch.
FOR BELOIT, JANESVILLE AND MADISON.
[illegible]
FOX RIVER VALLEY RAIL ROAD.
For Crystal Lake, McHenry and Richmond.
[illegible]
TRAINS EASTWARD.
Galena and Chicago Union Railroad.
[illegible]
CHICAGO, FULTON AND IOWA LINE.
For Dixon, Fulton and Central Iowa Line.
[illegible]
BELOIT AND MADISON BRANCH.
For Beloit, Janesville and Madison.
[illegible]
Fox River Valley Railroad.
[illegible]
JOHN B. TURNER, President.

New Railroad Route Opened.
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
TWO DAILY EXPRESS TRAINS From Chicago to Cairo [illegible]
[illegible]
Day Express Line for St. Louis.
FOR GALENA AND DUNLEITH.
[illegible]
Important Local Connections.
At Mattoon,
[illegible]
At Decatur,
[illegible]
At Sandoval,
[illegible]
THROUGH TICKETS
[illegible]
JOHN H. DONE, General Superintendent, Chicago.

JOHN ORR. .... R. S. TOMLINSON.
RACINE RAILROAD STORE!
A New Firm!!
All New Goods—Spring Stock.
ORR & TOMLINSON,
HAVE just received a choice stock of Staple and Fancy Goods, for the Spring and Summer trade, [illegible]
DRESS GOODS,
Silks, Challies, Tissues, Barages, Lawns, Ginghams, Prints &c, Bonnets and Trimmings, Kid, Silk Lace & Lisle Gloves, Mits, Hosiery of all kinds, Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Linens, Muslins.
GENT'S
SUMMER WEAR, CLOTHING AND CLOTHS,
[illegible]

Attention, the Whole!
TO THE RIGHT WHEEL!
MARCH!
Directly to
B. P. MILLER'S DRUG STORE!
where nice things are kept for
Holiday Presents.
[illegible]

Circulating Library.
READING! READING!!
[illegible]

Who Wants to Shoot?
DOUBLE BARRELED SHOTGUNS
FOR SALE AT
BEELER'S.

CHAPMAN & IRVINE [illegible]
CARPENTERS' TOOLS.
[illegible]
CHAPMAN & IRVINE.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT!
HESS & RAPP,
[illegible]
A New Tin Shop.
A few rods south of the American Hotel,
MAIN STREET, ... MT. CARROLL.
[illegible]
Cooking Stoves,
Among the different varieties:

Wide Oven Premium,	*Harvest Home,*
Iron Wizard,	*Fhill Oven Premium,*
Square O. Black Di.,	*New Eagle,*
Imp. Morning Star,	*May Queen,*
Forest Queen,	*and Clipper.*

Have also a lot of Japaned ware, and Chain and Fixtures for Pumps,
[illegible]
HESS & RAPP.
March 4th, 1856—41y.

Cash paid for Old Copper and Brass.

Mt. Carroll Foundry!
THE WESTERN AMERICAN!!

COOK STOVE.
McCALL & KELLOGG,
Manufacturers of the celebrated Western American Cook Stove.
Also,
[illegible]
WARE ROOMS ON MARKET STREET.
First door east of the Mansion House, Mt. Carroll, Ill.
[illegible]
Elevated Oven.
[illegible]

New Stone,
IRON FOUNDRY,
In Mt. Carroll, Illinois.
Jobs in Cast Iron, and Machinery respectfully solicited.
JOHN TRIDELL,
[illegible]
Can do all Jobs in his line, as well and at as Reasonable Rates as can be done in the city of Chicago or elsewhere.
[illegible]
PATTERNS TO ORDER,
[illegible]
CASTINGS FOR ENGINES, RAIL ROAD, MILLS, &c., &c.
[illegible]

The New Victor Cook Stove!
[illegible]
This Stove has been selected at Troy N. Y.,
[illegible]
THIS IS THE STOVE,
manufactured at Mt. Carroll
THAT WILL PERFORM,
[illegible]
OLD CASTINGS, AND
ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE
[illegible] JOHN TRIDELL.
March 6, 1856-41y.

TAYLOR & WISE,
Freeport Agricultural Warehouse.
THE SUBSCRIBERS beg leave to inform the Farmers of Carroll and [illegible]
Farming Implements,
Among which may be found
MANNY'S REAPERS & MOWERS,
H. A. PITT'S Threshing Machines,
[illegible]
Little Giant Corn and Cob Mills,
Revolving Horse Rakes!
[illegible]
WAKEFIELD'S HAND CORN PLANTER!
[illegible]
At the Freeport Agricultural Warehouse.
Freeport, June 12, 1856—1tf TAYLOR & WISE.

PREMIUM DAGUERREOTYPES!
DeWITT C. WILLIAMS,
No. 5 Exchange Block, Freeport, Illinois,
WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Mt. Carroll and vicinity, that he has enlarged, refitted and newly furnished his magnificent Sky-light Daguerreotype Rooms, and has now the most extensive and best conducted Rooms west of Chicago, and the only place where the mammoth size pictures are taken. *Patronage is respectfully solicited.* Satisfaction given or no charge.
Freeport, Nov. 15, 1855—35tf

Bank of Deposit.
MONEY received on deposite, and ten per cent. interest allowed thereon.—Checks and certificates of deposite on all solvent banks, bought at current rates, or received for collection, by the Mount Carroll Mutual Manufacturing and Hydraulic Company.
Mt. Carroll, N. HALDERMAN, Treasurer.

PURE White Lead (Boston) always for sale at McCready's, Milledgeville.
June 12, 1855—1tf

BEREA (Ohio) Grind Stones, constantly on hand, at McCready's Milledgeville.

HOSTETTER & LICHTY

TO PHYSICIANS.—The undersigned are daily in receipt of pure Drugs & Medicines to which they invite the attention of physicians. N. B.—Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

FEVER AND AGUE REMEDIES.—Smith's Tonic Febrifuge, Osgood's India Cholagogue and Hostetter's Antiperiodic, for sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

200 BOXES Window Glass, direct from the manufactories, for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

GROUND SPICES.
OF every description for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

LIQUORS; Pure Brandy and Wines, Claret, Port, Madeira and Currant, for medicinal uses, always to be had at
HOSTETTER & LICHTY'S Store.

SNOW White Zinc, for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

BIRD'S SEED—Canary, hemp and millet at HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

TURPENTINE by the barrel, for sale by *HOSTETTER & LICHTY.*

FLAVORING EXTRACTS, for flavoring custards, jellies, ice creams, &c., for sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

LEMON SUGAR.
THIS article possesses the full flavor of the fresh lemon, is much cheaper and more convenient for families and hotel keepers. For sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

SHOULDER Braces, for gentlemen and ladies constantly on hand and for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

BUG Poison, a positive exterminator for all kinds of *"varmints"* at
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

LAMP Oil, a superior article of sperm, bleached, whale, and lard oils, for sale by *HOSTETTER & LICHTY.*

LINSEED OIL by the barrel, for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

JUST received and for sale, 100 kegs of the St. Louis and Buffalo [illegible] White Lead, by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

SHOT of every variety, for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

TRUSSES of every description for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

PURE Cod Liver Oil for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

BRUSHES.
ADAMS' O. K. Paint and Varnish brushes for sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

WASHING SODA, baking soda, flour sulphur, saltpetre, alcohol and burning fluid, for sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

EYE MEDICINES—Pettit's Eye Salve Thompson's and Graeffenberg's Eye Waters for sale by
HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

POTASH for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

JUST received and for sale a large lot of Fluid Lamps, Wicks, and Fluid, low for cash, at HOSTETTER & LICHTY'S.

BLASTING Powder, for sale by HOSTETTER & LICHTY.

Sevastopol is taken!

We would most respectfully inform the Public that Sevastopol is taken, (or at least we learn something to that effect.) The question down town is, "have you seen them." But the question most exciting of the day, particularly amongst the Ladies is, have you seen
NELSON & BOHN'S
New Stock of Goods!
really they are worth your trouble to visit them, even if you should not want to buy. They have a host of the very best of goods, and a good selected stock as any west of the mountains. You will always find us on hand to show goods. We don't think it any trouble.

DRESS GOODS.—In this department we can exhibit something to suit the taste of most any one, Toulard Silks, Tarletans, Silk Tissue, Cashimeres, Merenos, Alpacas, De Lanes, De Bages, Coburgs, Poplins, and stuff goods in general. Also the best selected variety of Prints, Ginghams, etc., ever offered to the public.

SHAWLS.—A quantity of Bay State, all sizes for Ladies and Misses.

CLOTHS, CASSEMEERS, &c.—Our stock of Cloth and Cassemeres are good, we can show Cloths of almost every discription, consisting of black, blue, brown, invisible green, and other colors; Vestings, etc.; Satinetts and all kinds of goods for men and boys' wear.

CLOTHING.—We have a fine lot of Winter Clothing, Coats, Pants, Vests, etc., for men and boys, and at prices to suit the most fastidious.

SUNDRIES.—The best assortment of Flanels, all colors. Ladies' sack Flanels, Linseys, Embroiderings, Laces, Jaconetts, Book Muslins, Cambrics, Edgings, Insertings, Chimesetts, Lace Caps, Worked Collars, etc., Woollen Yarns assorted colors, Wool Hose, Mittens, [illegible], Children's Sacks, [illegible], etc., etc.

RIBBONS.—A splendid assortment of Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, Bonnet Silks, latest style Winter Bonnets.

DOMESTIC GOODS.—Consisting of Sheeting of all widths, Shirting do., black and brown, Hickory [illegible], Tickings, Denny's Checks, [illegible]

BOOKS.—Standard School Books.

QUEENSWARE.—A full stock of Queensware at reduced prices.

HARDWARE of every kind for building purposes, Carpenters' Tools, useful articles for kitchen; Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Hoes, Trace, Log, Halter and Dog Chains, Nails, etc., etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Our stock of Boots and Shoes is full and good, such as Men's and Boys', Youth, and Infants' Boots and Shoes, Women's Misses' & Children's Shoes of every description; Men's Women's and Misses' Gum Over Shoes. We feel as if we were able to suit any one who wants something for the understanding.

HATS AND CAPS.—A very large assortment of Hats of various colors, shape and size for men and boys. Men's Silk Plush Caps of the best material and latest style, Boys' Silk and Cotton Plush, Infants Fancy Caps, etc.

GROCERIES of every description, and of qualities, that will successfully challenge the exhibition of a better lot in the county.

[illegible]
NELSON & BOHN.

Wood!!

THE highest cash price will be paid, for 200 cords of good split wood, delivered
AT OUR BRICK YARD,
[illegible] J. & H. H. HALLETT.

The Carroll County Republican.

VOLUME 3. MT. CARROLL, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1856. NUMBER [illegible]

THE REPUBLICAN,
Published Weekly, in Miller's Brick
[illegible]

Business Directory.

FRINK'S HOUSE,
SAVANNA, ... ILLINOIS.
C. W. FULLER, Proprietor.
[illegible]

AMERICAN HOTEL,
EBY & STOUFFER,
Main Street, opposite the Court House,
Mt. Carroll, ... Illinois.
[illegible]

EXCHANGE BANK,
And Collection Office of
HOSTETTER, SHIRK & CO.
Mt. Carroll, ... Illinois.
[illegible]

J. LUCY,
Attorney and Counsel or at Law.
[illegible]

PATCH & BRADLEY,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
[illegible]
Mount Carroll, ... Illinois.

G. W. HARRIS,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE & NOTARY PUBLIC,
WILL attend to collections, conveyances, &c.

JOHN WILSON,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Real Estate and Insurance Agent and Exchange Broker. Mount Carroll, Carroll co., Illinois.

J. P. EMMERT,
[illegible]

R. M. McAFEE, M. D.,
HOMŒOPATHIC
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office in the Brick Building formerly occupied by A. Belding, [illegible]
Mt. Carroll, April 3, 1856—3tf.

Dr. B. P. MILLER,
Having permanently located himself in the village of Mount Carroll offers his services in the practice of Medicine, surgery and midwifery to the citizens of Mount Carroll and surrounding country. [illegible]

DR. C. [illegible]
Has resumed the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, and will attend to all calls by day and night.—Office on Public Square, residence on Clay street, Mt. Carroll, Ill.

LICHTY & HOSTETTER,
DEALERS in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Brushes Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, Perfumery, Stationery and everything else usually kept in a well regulated Drug Store.
Mt. Carroll, Illinois.

A. [illegible],
DENTAL SURGEON and operator in Mechanical Dentistry, [illegible]

SEYMOUR & WHEELER.
LAND AGENTS,
Mt. Carroll, Illinois.
[illegible]

S. ROUSHEY,
Milledgeville, ... Illinois.
[illegible]

H. BITNER'S
DAGUERREAN
GALLERY,
[illegible]
WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY.
[illegible]
JOHN E. CHRISTIAN.

CHAPMAN & IRVINE,
[illegible]
Mt. Carroll, Illinois.
DEALERS in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Ready Made Clothing, [illegible]

SEYMOUR & ATCHISON.
Have just received, and offer for sale a lot of SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS.
[illegible]
Mt. Carroll, Apr. 17th, 1856.

JOHNSON & CHUBBUCK,
Milledgeville, ... Illinois.
Dealers in Dry Goods, Crockery, Shelfware [illegible]

JAMES McCREY, Jr.,
(Successor to C. E. Olmsted)
MILLEDGEVILLE, ... ILLINOIS.
DEALER in Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, Nails, Glass, Patent Medicines, &c.

G. P. Kingsley. L. W. Fletcher.
KINGSLEY & FLETCHER,
Resident Dentists,—Office No. 1, Exchange Block, Freeport, Ill.

L. G. HALE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Stoves, [illegible]
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware
Freeport, Ill.

GREENWOOD & GRIFFIN,
SUCCESSORS TO T. J. GREENWOOD.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
WAREHOUSE near the R. R. Depot, Freeport, Illinois. [illegible]
Freeport, May 22d, 1856.

O. C. NORTON,
Dealer in Books and Stationery,
[illegible]
Freeport, June 26th, 1856.

Poetry.

THE HEART.

[illegible]

I COULD NOT HELP IT.—NO, NOT I.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

A SHREWD WIFE,
OR
AN UNPROFITABLE TRIP TO THE GOLD REGIONS.

'I think,' said Mr. Dana, as he pushed back his chair from the breakfast table, and looking hard at his wife, a pretty little woman with large blue eyes, 'I think that I should like to try my luck in California. Darn it all, every body is going about here. Do you think you could spare me for a year, Nelly?' Mrs. Dana made no immediate reply; she appeared to be very busy turning out a cup of tea, though a keener observer than her husband would have noticed an uncommon tremulousness in her hands, as Mr Dana ceased speaking.

'I think I may do well there,' the husband continued, as though speaking to himself.

'Are you not doing well here on your farm?' asked the wife, at length.

'I'm making a living, perhaps, but it is only by hard work. Now, if I should go to California, and be lucky, why, we could have a great many more comforts than we are blessed with at present.'

'We have everything that we could wish for to make us contented, and I am sure I sigh for no luxuries excepting what I can afford,' Mrs. Dana replied.

'Yes, we have enough to eat, and clothes to wear, but we can't buy lots of good furniture, and have a piano, like Squire Bolton. Darn it, I want to be rich as he is, and then I should be contented,' said Mr. Dana, rising from his chair, and walking back and forth with energy.

'Mr. Bolton is far from being happy,' said his wife.

'Well, I know that; but then who could be contented with such a wife as he has! She is either crazy half the time, or else there—'

'Hush!' said Mrs. Dana, with a reproachful look; 'remember if she has faults, so have we all.'

'But what I mean, Nelly, is, that if he had such a wife as I have got, and with all his wealth, he could not help being happy.'

'And yet you want to leave a wife you think so highly of,' said she with another reproachful look.

'But don't you see that it is all for your benefit and comfort in the end? You know, Nelly, that nothing in the world would induce me to quit you, unless it was the hope of making a fortune in a short time; I wouldn't be gone longer than a year; and if I liked the country, and thought you would be contented there I'd send for you.'

The young wife strove hard to retain her composure, as she asked, 'What will you do with the farm while you are gone?'

'I will get my youngest brother to come and live here, and carry it on. You shall be left in full charge, Nelly, to do just as you please.'

'Give me a week to think of it,' the wife replied; 'at the end of that time I'll make up my mind whether to consent to your going or not.'

Mr. Dana was too well pleased to obtain even this concession to argue any further, and after bidding his wife read the accounts in the newspapers, containing the latest news from California, he started off to his work.

Mr. Dana owned a farm of about one hundred acres, near the town of Windsor Vt. He was a young man, and a person of considerable energy, and had, during his minority, saved a small sum of money, which he had safely deposited in the Savings Bank, until such a time as he should want to use it. After he became of age, he had added to his capital, and when he thought he should like Nelly Perkins for a wife, and proposed to her, and was accepted, he bought the farm which we find him occupying, and was doing as well as any young farmer in the neighborhood. He had been married about two years, when the gold fever of 1849 broke out, sweeping off thousands of our most industrious mechanics and farmers, and leaving many a hearthstone desolate, and many a wife to mourn an absent husband.

After Mr. Dana left his wife, she washed her dishes and put them away, and then sat down to read the glowing accounts of the gold discoveries. The more she read the more fascinated she became, until at last she came to the conclusion that if she were a man, she should be tempted to go and try her luck. Twice during the forenoon did she peruse the paper, and each time her resolution of not consenting to her husband's departure grew weaker, until she finally made up her mind, if he asked her consent again, she would give it. Mrs. Dana was a woman of considerable mind. Ever since she was a child she had been obliged to labor, and by her contact with the world, she had acquired a knowledge of business, which did not, however, impair or detract from the natural modesty of a good woman's heart or mind.

A week had not passed before the husband again alluded to the subject uppermost in his mind. A company was about leaving Windsor, and many of the young men of the town were enrolling their names. Mr. Dana thought it would be a good chance for him, as he would have acquaintances to lend him a helping hand in case he was taken sick. His wife thought the same thing, and delighted her husband by giving her consent to his going. They were not aware of the selfishness exhibited in the gold regions, where every man struggled for himself, and thought it waste of time to help his feverish friend to a glass of cold water, or make him a mess of gruel to keep him from starving.

Mr. Dana's arrangements were soon made. He had some money on hand, and with it he determined to cross the Isthmus, in company with his townsmen, as he thought he could make enough after his arrival, in a week, to pay his passage. They wrote to engage steerage berths, and received answer that the steamer would sail on such a day. This news caused the party to hurry up their arrangements, and on the day before they were to start, Mr. Dana requested his wife to accompany him to a lawyer's.

'I am going on a long journey,' he said 'and may be gone longer than I anticipate. I shall leave you on the farm, to do with it as you please. If you get tired of carrying it on, sell it to the best advantage; I shall make money enough while gone to buy a larger one when I return. I hardly think I shall live on a farm when I come back. We'll get a grand new house in town, and live like Squire Bolton.'

His wife thought at the time that there might be a failure of his schemes, but she was hopeful and would not say anything to dash his bright anticipations.—The day of parting came, and with it tears and mournful looks, but it was not until Dana had left the house, perhaps never to return, that the young wife felt the loneliness of her condition. For a week or two she was low spirited and sad, but as she received letters from her husband, in New York, written in a lively vein, and bidding her be of good cheer, as he should certainly rejoin her in course of a year, she became more composed and reconciled to his absence.

We will not follow him in the crowded steamship, nor across the Isthmus, where he narrowly escaped drowning while ascending the river; nor will we tell of his arrival at San Francisco, and departure for the mines, where he worked in the bed of the river, and was quite fortunate, until attacked by the fever and ague, which roasted him one moment and froze him the next. He would lie in his tent, and wish the gentle hands of his wife, might wipe the moisture from his brow, or cover him with blankets when shivered with cold. All of his adventures might be written out, and perhaps Mr. Dana will some day, give an account of his doings in the land of gold. They will, possibly serve as a warning to other husbands, and perhaps he may thus prevent many a heart from mourning for the absent one.

Mr. Dana's fever got no better, and at last the doctor told him that he had better seek a change of climate, as he might shake himself to death. Dana thought the same thing, for it seemed to him when the chills came on that every bone in his body would be wrenched apart, when the fever returned to him, he could imagine himself in an oven. He considered the subject one day and determined to start for home. A team was to leave Sacramento City, and as soon as his resolution was formed, he engaged a passage, sold off his clothes, except enough to reach Vermont, and found he was master of only five hundred dollars, after working in the mines four months. To be sure his doctor's bill had cost him a large sum, and the doctor's bill was frightful to contemplate.

He started the next day for home. He determined to live a farmer and die one if the Lord spared his life.

He had seen enough of the gold mines, and as he was going in a cart, and being jolted over the uneven roads, he thought what a ninny he had been to leave a comfortable home, and his loving wife, just for the sake of trying to accumulate a fortune. The jolting of the cart may have helped him, for the fever rapidly left him and by the time he reached San Francisco, he felt like a new man. He had half a mind to turn back and try again, but he thought of his wife, and nature and love conquered. He went immediately to the office of the steamship company and secured a passage home.

It was a cold, blustering day in the middle of winter, when Dana reached Windsor. He pulled his cap over his eyes to prevent being recognized, and then started on foot for his home.

He had heard from his wife but once since he had been absent, and he hardly dared to hope that she was well. He quickened his pace, and came in sight of the house in which she had spent so many happy hours. He glanced over his farm and saw that everything had been well cared for. The stone walls were in good order, the barns looked neat and well repaired, and just as he was thinking that his wife and brother had done remarkably well, the train on which he had rode from Boston, whizzed by directly across his farm. He groaned in anguish at the sight, as his beautiful meadow was ruined, he thought, and all owing to his foolish goose chase of a fortune. His wife could not be expected to know how to attend to these things, and he had no doubt but what the railroad company had swindled her.

He approached the house and knocked timidly at the door. It was opened, and there stood his wife as handsome as ever, but she looked at him in surprise; he had forgotten that he had not once shaved since he had left her. He spoke, then held out his hand, then his arms. There was a shriek, and the latter were well filled.

Two hours afterwards they were talking seriously and solely upon business matters.

'I am sorry the railroad passes over our meadow,' he said, 'it renders it almost useless.'

'They have the right of way, but it has not injured it as much as you think,' she replied.

'I don't suppose they paid more than one hundred dollars for the land,' said Dana.

'There's where you are mistaken. They gave me two thousand dollars for merely the right of way.'

'I suppose they paid you in stock,' said he, surprised to think she had got so large a sum.

'Yes, they gave a part stock and part cash,' the wife replied, trying not to look triumphant.

'And the stock, what is it worth? A mere song, I suppose.'

'I sold mine the very day I received it at an advance. It is not worth so much per share now. I thought I had rather have the money than to trust to any uncertainty.'

The husband was slightly astonished.—He had received for a narrow strip of land as much as he had given for the whole of his farm.

'And what did you do with the money, Nelly?'

'I took six hundred and bought the rich meadow of Squire Bolton. You remember how you wished to own it?'

Dana did remember perfectly well.—He thought of the land when in California, and was in hopes of getting back with money enough to buy it.

'The other six hundred and fifty dollars I placed in the Savings Bank, where it is now at interest.'

'You are the best wife in the State,' the husband cried with admiration.

'But I have not yet given an account of my stewardship,' said she. 'You remember the forest of pines on the hill just back of the meadow?'

Dana nodded assent. He wondered what was coming now.

'Well, there is no longer any forest there; I sold every tree just as it stood.'

'Who was foolish enough to buy pine wood?'

'The railroad company. They must have wood to get up steam. They gave me four hundred dollars for the privilege of chopping down the trees, and I was glad to get rid of them, for the purpose of making a sheep pasture.'

'A sheep pasture!' the husband cried, in astonishment.

'Yes, it makes a very fine one. I bo't one hundred and fifty sheep, and then had some money left, which I added to that in the bank. Last summer I sold four hundred pounds of wool at forty cents per pound.'

'That amounts to just one hundred and sixty dollars,' said Dana, after a slight calculation.

'Precisely, without counting the increase of lambs. I think I did very well by that bargain.'

'You are a better manager than I am, Nelly. Hereafter you shall be at the head of the house.'

'I thank you, but I am perfectly content to resign to you now that you have arrived.'

'Yes,' she replied, with a slight hesitancy; 'I have made one more trade, but perhaps it is one that will displease you.'

'What, after my hearty welcome? You can do nothing in future that I will not approve of; remember, Nelly, I have returned to you poor in pocket, and none too well in health.'

'I will take such good care of you that your health will be quite restored by spring; and as for being poor, why, that is absurd, when you have got a good farm, well stocked, and nearly a thousand dollars in the Savings Bank.'

'Besides a treasure of a wife!'

'Thank you; but will you step into the parlor and see the latest purchase?'

Dana followed his wife, and as he opened the door, she pointed significantly to a dark object in the corner of the room.

'A piano!' cried he, astonished.

'Yes, a good, well-toned piano. But before you express your surprise, let me tell you how I earned it. I sold all the butter that I made during the last nine months, and invested the proceeds in an instrument that I knew you longed for, and, to tell the truth, that I was rather anxious for, myself; but I never said so, and until I found myself able, I never thought of buying one. Now are you angry?'

'Angry!'

Mr. Dana has never expressed a wish to roam again. He is perfectly satisfied that he can find more happiness on his farm, and in the society of his wife, than he could, if surrounded by all the gold in California.

Napoleon and the Woodman.

As Napoleon was riding out, attended by some officers, I was one of the party—we rode by the place where some woodman were cutting timber, and observing one of them singing, the Emperor turned around to us and said:

'Observe that man, who, though toiling hard for his daily bread, seems to be quite happy.'

The woodman, observing so many persons looking at him made a respectful bow and approached us to inquire if we had lost our way.

'No,' said the Emperor, 'but tell me my honest man, what makes you so cheerful? What may you earn a day?'

'Three francs, your honor.'

'Three francs!' said the Emperor; 'does that support you and your family? Tell me how do you manage to do so?'

'With pleasure your honor, if you will step a little this way. With three francs I not only keep my wife and family, but I also put money out at interest, and pay off my old debts.'

'Explain yourself!'

'Willingly your honor. I keep my wife and children—I place money out at interest by educating the latter at school, and pay off my old debts by maintaining my aged father and mother. So you see, your honor, I may well be happy.'

'Excellent man,' said Napoleon, 'here is a Napoleon for you,' tossing him the money. 'Keep what you have told me a secret. I am your Emperor, and on pain of my displeasure, I enjoin you to tell no one until you have seen my face at least a hundred times.'

'Sir, it shall be so.'

Napoleon turned his horse's head and rejoined us.

The same evening, as he appeared thoughtful, General Rapp inquired if any thing unpleasant had occurred that day.

'No,' said the Emperor, 'but I met a man this morning, who with three francs per day, told me he kept his family, placed money out at interest, and paid off his debts. Gentlemen,' continued the Emperor, 'you will please me much if you can tell me the meaning of what he said.'

All of us were very anxious to please our monarch, and knowing that he had spoken to a woodman in the forenoon, we rode off on the following morning—and having found the woodman, asked him if he knew to whom he had spoken on the previous day.

The man said, 'yes I had the honor of talking with the Emperor.'

'What did you say to him?'

'Excuse me, gentlemen, that I must not tell you.'

One of the party said, 'I will give you fifty Napoleons to tell me.'

The man said, 'No, I dare not.'

'You shall have one hundred if you will oblige us,' rejoined our companion.

The woodman after pausing a minute or two said:

'Place the money in my hand and I will tell you.'

We placed it in his hand—and, after he had carefully examined every piece, he told us all that had transpired.

We rode off, and our arrival at the palace asked to be admitted to the Emperor, when he expounded his riddle.

Napoleon, pale with anger, said:

'Bring the woodman before me, dead or alive.'

He was soon found, and ushered into the presence of his angry monarch.

'Sirrah, how have you dared to break my promise with me?'

'Sire,' said the woodman with great composure, 'I have not disobeyed your command.'

'How slave,' said Napoleon, 'dare you tell me a lie.'

'Sire,' said the woodman, 'you told me I should tell no one until I had seen your face one hundred times.' Then putting his hands in his pockets, he laid the pieces of money one by one, before the Emperor, with the heads upwards. 'There sire,' continued he, 'have I not seen your face one hundred times?'

Napoleon burst into a loud fit of laughter, gave him a slap in the face, called him a clever fellow, and made him a captain in the military, where he proved deserving of his good fortune.

Steam vs. Water Power.

The following article, interesting to millers, lumbermen and manufacturers, we find in the Scientific American:

Various correspondents have made inquiries respecting the relative values of steam and water power, and one asks—"Whether an inexhaustible water power or only water sufficient for steam purposes, with an unlimited supply of cheap fuel, are most advantageous to the development of a manufacturing town." It is not possible to give a satisfactory answer to a general inquiry respecting the comparative advantages of steam and water power, but we have no hesitation in answering the correspondent (in Iowa) from whose letter we have quoted the above extract. An abundance of cheap fuel and steam power, in our opinion, possess the greatest advantages for manufacturing purposes. Few manufacturing operations can be carried on without fuel, even where there is plenty of water power; therefore where fuel is scarce and dear, manufacturing cannot be carried on but under a heavy expense.

In giving this opinion we do not forget that most of our manufacturing towns and villages are indebted for their rise to water power. They are built on rivers and creeks where there are falls of water for driving machinery, but when they were first established, timber for fuel and buildings was plentiful and cheap in the neighborhoods. It has now become a serious question with manufacturers using water power, that their supply of water is becoming more unstable every year, as the forests are cleared off, and in many places where water power was exclusively used a few years ago, auxiliary steam power is required during certain portions of the year on account of a deficient supply of water.

Forests and swamps are perennial feeders of creeks and rivers. As these disappear, and the soil is spread out to the direct rays of the sun, rapid evaporation takes place after falls of rain, and it has occurred, that many streams once flowing with power for the miller, are now only water-worn channels. The ruins of grist and saw-mills, are now to be seen on the banks of dry creeks, where forty years ago the merry clatter of the hopper and hum of the saw, mingled from morn till night, with the song of the rushing waters. But although this is true respecting a number of places, manufactures have not decreased in our country, thanks to the power of steam. With a plentiful supply of fuel, steam forms a constant trusty power for driving machinery, and a steam factory can be created independent of rare natural localities, like water falls. It has thus great advantages over water power. It requires 180,000 cubic feet of water per hour on a thirteen feet fall, to produce the same effect in machinery that can be obtained with fifty cubic feet of water and 300 lbs of coal by a steam engine.

While the power of water for manufacturing purposes is growing stronger and stronger. We have read a statement that in the year 1800 there were only three steam engines in all the United States; who can count them now? They number tens of thousands. Steam factories can be conducted in or near cities and commercial marts, and thus effect a great saving in transporting raw materials and goods. There are various manufactories, however, which need considerable water to carry on, such as calico printing, bleaching, carpet-weaving, woolen cloth making, &c. The scouring, washing and drying, require much water, but then with steam such factories can be heated, the goods boiled and dried and taking the expense of keeping dams and water wheels in repair, we are of opinion that steam power, when fuel is cheap, is to be preferred in nearly every case to water power.

At any rate, there can be no doubt but steam factories must increase in or near our coal regions, and ultimately these will become the great seats of American manufactures; just as the coal regions of England have become the centers of manufactures in that country. And as we have the largest coal fields in the world, and these scarcely touched by the tool of the miner, it makes us hold our breath and contemplate the vast manufacturing power—the hundreds of Sheffields, Birminghams, Manchesters, Leeds and Glasgows—that will yet arise in our country, and make it (on account of its cheap fuel,) the greatest manufacturing nation on the globe.

☞ If you wish to keep your sons on the farm, you must put more intellect into your farming. A bright boy wants food for the mind, as much as he requires food for the body. He will be willing to work when mind directs the hand. Otherwise you cannot keep him at home; he will be off ere you are aware. Therefore read and think, and work out your reading and thinking and your boys will stay with you then.

The Miseries and Effects of Intemperance.

The following is the most graphic delineation of the miseries and effects of intemperance that we have ever seen. It is from the arguments advanced by certain citizens of Portage county, Ohio, in a memorial to the Legislature on the subject:

"And yet its march of ruin is onward still! It reaches abroad to others, invades the family and social circles, and spreads woe and sorrow all around. It cuts down youth in its vigor, manhood in its strength, and age in its weakness. It breaks the father's heart, bereaves the doting mother, extinguishes natural affection, erases conjugal love, blots out filial attachment, blights parental hope, and brings down mourning age in sorrow to the grave. It produces weakness, not strength; sickness, not health; death, not life. It makes wives widows, children orphans, fathers fiends, and all of them paupers and beggars. It hails fever, feeds rheumatism, nurses gout, welcomes epidemics, invites cholera, imparts pestilence, and embraces consumption. It covers the land with idleness, poverty, disease, and crime. It fills your jails, supplies your alms houses, and demands your asylums. It engenders controversies, fosters quarrels, and cherishes riots. It contemns law, spurns order, and loves mobs. It crowds your penitentiaries and furnishes the victims for your scaffolds. It is the life-blood of the gambler, the aliment of the counterfeiter, the prop of the highwayman, and the support of the midnight incendiary. It countenances the liar, respects the thief, and esteems the blasphemer. It violates obligation, reverences fraud, and honors infamy. It defames benevolence, hates love, scorns virtue, and slanders innocence. It incites the father to butcher his offspring, helps the husband to massacre his wife, and aids the child to grind his parricidal axe. It burns man, consumes woman, detests life, curses God, and despises Heaven. It suborns witnesses, nurses perjury, defiles the jury-box, and stains the judicial ermine. It bribes votes, disqualifies voters, corrupts elections, pollutes our institutions, and endangers our Government. It degrades the citizen, debases the legislator, dishonors the statesman, and disarms the patriot. It brings shame, not honor; terror, not safety; despair, not hope; misery, not happiness. And now, as with the malevolence of a fiend, it calmly surveys its frightful desolations, and, insatiate with havoc, it poisons felicity, kills peace, ruins morals, blights confidence, slays reputation, and wipes out national honor, then curses the world and laughs at its ruin."

SEEING THE ELEPHANT.—A friend tells us of a rich incident that occurred the other day in the court-room at Frankfort, in which the proverbial attractions of the elephant are very forcibly illustrated. It seems that, on the day in question, a menagerie was expected in the city, and the people were naturally on the qui vive for the approaching sight—an interest in which, as the sequel shows, his Honor the Judge keenly participated. Notwithstanding, the court was held on that day, though not exactly as usual. In the progress of the morning's business a case of continuance arose which the Judge was evidently not all inclined to favor. His countenance, indeed, grew absolutely stern with disfavor. The lawyer in charge having urged his plea with all the ingenuity and ability at his command, was at length in the act of yielding the point in despair, when a brother lawyer, especially up to snuff, rose and whispered into his ear that the menagerie had arrived, and *the elephant would swim the river!* The suggestion was big with relief. Brightening with hope, the wily lawyer at once drew himself up deferentially, and, addressing the court, said: "May it please your Honor, I have this moment learned that the Great American Menagerie has reached this city, and *the elephant will immediately swim the Kentucky river!* The people, I am informed, are already thronging upon the banks to witness the extraordinary feat." The hit was palpable. The intelligence of Buchanan's election could hardly have brought a more wonderful change in the bearing of his Honor. His stern countenance at once relaxed into the most genial complacency, and, in a tone of generous excitement, he remarked:—"Gentlemen, I grant this continuance, and adjourn the court. I never have seen an elephant swim a river, and, as I am an old man, it isn't likely that I'll ever have a better opportunity. The court's adjourned!" The last thing our friend saw of the court it was making for the river at a speed never contemplated by the Life Insurance Company. Verily, there's no resisting the elephant!—*Louisville Jour.*

A New Way to Accommodate Boarders.
(From the St. Louis Leader.)

Many of our readers will remember how frequently, a few months ago, inquests were held on the bodies of "unknown men found floating in the river." Scarcely a day passed without one or more such inquests, and some days there have been as many as five. Almost without exception, these men were recognized, from their dress and appearance, as deckhands on the river; but that was all that could be discovered concerning them. There was generally nothing found in their pockets except some tobacco, a pocket knife, or pipe.

For several months past there has been scarcely an inquest of this description held, and the two facts taken in connection present a quite significant aspect. Some circumstances which have lately come to our knowledge, furnish the solution. About a year and a half ago a Spaniard opened a boarding-house on the levee, near the water works engine house, which was frequented by a great number of boatmen, principally deck hands.

We learn that it was a constantly recurring circumstance for the boarders to leave in a very mysterious manner, even their most intimate friends not being aware of it until they were missed. The fact finally began to attract attention, and it was observed that the men who disappeared were never seen any more, nor even heard of.

At length a watch was set, and the keeper of the house was seen at a late hour one night to carry out a man in an apparent state of stupor, and proceed to the river with him as though he were carrying him to some boat. The watch saw him deliberately throw the man into the river. An attempt was made to arrest him, but without success, and nothing has been seen or heard of him since. From that time to this, but few bodies of unknown men have been found floating in the river. There can be but little doubt that the villainous Spaniard gave his boarders drugged liquors, and after robbing them threw them into the river. We obtained this statement from an policeman of some note.

AN EASTERN LEGEND.—There is in Afghanistan a country abounding in legends, one to this effect: That Satan entered into a compact with the people, to teach them to cultivate the earth, and bring forth [illegible] the soil was prepared by the labor of the people. Satan first planted the seeds [illegible] turnips, and other vegetables, the value of which lies beneath the ground. When the time for division arrived, the ignorant people had that which was above the surface. Discovering their mistake they complained loudly. Satan heard their lamenting with composure, and then to soothe them, blandly promised it should be different next year. The people were to take all the produce beneath the soil, and so Satan this time sowed wheat, barley, and such like grain, he obtained all the profits, and they were tricked again, having nothing for their share but useless roots. The legend has a moral. Satan never sows any seed in the human heart that brings forth any fruit, by the growth of which any one but himself is the gainer.

The New Key.

"Aunty," said a little girl, "I believe I have found a new key to unlock people's hearts, and make them so willing; for you know, aunty, God took my father and my mother, and they want people to be kind to their poor little daughter."

"What is the key?" asked aunty.

"It is only one little word—guess what." But aunty was no guesser.

"It is *please*," said the child; "aunty, it is *please*. If I ask one of the great girls in school, "Please show me my parsing lesson?" she says, "Oh, yes," and helps me. If I ask, "Sarah, please do this for me?" no matter, she'll take her hands out of the suds. If I ask uncle, "please," he says, "Yes, puss, if I can;" and if I say, "please aunty"—

"What does aunty do?" said aunty herself.

"Oh, you look and *smile just like mother*, and that is the best of all," cried the little girl, throwing her arms around aunty's neck, with a tear in her eye.

Perhaps other children will like to know about this key; and I hope they will use it also, for there is great power in the small, kind courtesies of life.

INDIAN SAGACITY.—A correspondent of the Tribune, writing from Philadelphia, says:

"Apropos of Governor Floyd; when he was in the gubernatorial chair of Virginia, it became his duty as chief Executive of the State, to pay over to a certain tribe of Indians a sum of money that had been bequeathed to them by a distinguished son of Virginia, in whose veins coursed Indian blood. The Indians assembled at the Executive Chamber to receive the money. The Governor, as a matter of course, was bound to make a speech on the occasion. He commenced grandly by saying "Brethren—I am proud to call you brothers, for the blood of the red man courses through my veins as well as your own." Whereupon an old chief stepped up to the Governor, put his finger down the back of the Governor's neck, then under his own nose, and at once exclaimed, "No Indian! *Nigger nigger!*""

ELECTION ELOQUENCE IN GREECE.—Translation of a speech delivered by Solomon, Mayor of the Island of Micons, and Government candidate for the Chamber of deputies, on the opening of the elections on the 12th of October, 1856:—"Countrymen—The day is come when every person is to give proofs whether he is favorable or not to the government of the King. The stake is the defence of the country and to maintain the privileges of our Island. Take heed not to prove your own enemies by voting in favor of those who brought the English to Greece, and will again bring them if the power falls into their hands. Take care if any of you dares to vote against me I shall consider him as a revolutionist, and in my capacity of Mayor I will have him put in prison. As to you, peasants, hear what I am going to tell you: I will take the skin off your bodies if you vote against me."

DIFFERENT CANDLES COMPARED.—It has been found, by experiment, that the consumption of the different materials made into candles is as follows:

Making the candles six to the pound, and snuffing occasionally so as to maintain a clear and equable flame, stearine consumed per hour 186 grains, spermaceti 146, wax 134, tallow 138. The relative proportions of light produced were, for the spermaceti 10, the stearine 7.4, the wax 6.6, and the tallow 4.7. The consumption of sperm oil by a well trimmed argand lamp, of the ordinary dimensions, (wick one inch in diameter,) was about 500 grains per hour; it gave a light equal to 10 or 11 spermatic candles of six to the pound.

HOW TO TREAT A CHALLENGE.—The late eccentric mathematician, Prof. Vince, of King's College, Cambridge, being once engaged in a conversation with a gentleman who advocated duelling, is said to have thrown his adversary completely *hors du combat* by the following characteristic reply to his question: "But what could you do, sir, if a man told you to your face, 'You lie!'" "What would I do! Why, I wouldn't knock him down, but I'd tell him to prove it. "Prove, sir, prove it," I'd say. If he couldn't, he'd be the liar, and there I should have him; but if he did prove that I'd lied, I must e'en pocket the affront, and there I suspect the matter would end."

RAILROAD BUSINESS.—The *Railroad Record* says: "The railroad business has enormously increased. No man in the United States, ten years since, expected railroad business to be what it is. Indeed, no adequate idea could be formed of the capacity and power of a railroad. It was first assumed that they would carry *no freight*, but would be profitable for passengers on long passenger routes. Next, it was deemed perfectly certain that their freight business would be confined only to *light traffic*, and could not get the heads to carry heavy produce. But even the last has been exploded. Most of Railroads now make most of their profit from freight traffic."

THE REPUBLICAN.
FRIDAY, NOV. 21, 1856.

Wood Wanted.

If any of our subscribers wish to pay subscription in wood, we would like to hear from them soon. [illegible]

A Good "Free County."

[illegible]

We have a Band.

On last Saturday, the Mt. Carroll Band turned out, and gave us some stirring "music" on their new instruments. [illegible]

Newspaper Matters.

[illegible]

Not Endorsed.

Douglas claims that in the election of Buchanan the people of the United States have endorsed his Platform. [illegible]

[illegible]

An Eventful Life.—We saw Mr. Wm. Morgan, on Saturday, one of the oldest, if not the oldest, settler of the city of Burlington. He voted in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa for members of Conventions to frame constitutions or the formation of state governments, besides being born and raised in Kentucky. Verily he has proven himself worthy of the place of his nativity and deserves to be ranked with Boon, and the hardy band of pioneers, who led the van of Empire in its westward progress.—May his days still be many.—[Burlington, Hawk Eye.

Alton & Rock Island Railroad.—There is a settled determination on the part of the people between Alton and Rock Island to build a railroad to connect those points. That fact is fixed.—The only point now to be determined is on which line or route it shall be located. There are two propositions. One to run the line from Macomb to Rock Island via Monmouth. To secure the benefits of this route, Warren county has, we understand, voted a county subscription of $50,000. The other is to use so much of the Northern Cross Railroad as lies between Macomb and Galesburg to Rock Island via Henderson, Oxford, Richland Grove, &c.—*Galesburg Free Democrat.*

Freezing out the Yellow Fever.—Mr. Merriam, the New York Meteorologist, is at present on a visit to Cleveland, for the purpose of examining a machine which will create an intense cold and freeze with great rapidity any material submitted to its charge. Mr. M. proposes to use this machine in vessels and hospitals for the cure of the yellow fever, by freezing the vessel and her cargo, and thus disinfecting all goods and wares of the poison which carries the disease and extends its destructive progress.

The Tehauntepec Road.—Col. S. W. Pratt, Superintendent of the Tehauntepec Road, who arrived at New Orleans on the 27th ult., reports the work to be in a very [illegible] state of forwardness, and describes the country through which it passes as one of the most desirable to reside in, in point of situation, soil and salubrity of climate, which he has ever seen.—There are about two hundred laborers employed on the work, under good auspices for its early completion. Contrary to the expectation of some, the Mexicans in the neighborhood of the route are highly pleased with the enterprise, and the civil and military authorities express a desire to see the work completed and to facilitate its construction.

Veteran Fifer.—Mr. Josiah Smith of Lexington commenced playing the fife in public at eleven years of age, and being now in his sixty eighth year, has, of course, been in the field fifty-seven years. He still plays as well as ever, having [illegible] with various bands of this vicinity a greater part of the present season. Mr. Simpson, the celebrated drummer, has played in public, we are informed, about two years less than Mr. Smith.—*Boston Telegraph.*

Dialogue between two Distinguished Gentlemen.—[illegible]

Coal in Minnesota.—The Henderson (Sibley County) Democrat says that one of the citizens of that place while digging a well, discovered considerable quantities of bituminous coal. [illegible]

The official vote for President in Maryland, is as follows:

Fillmore received	47,462
Buchanan received	39,115
Fillmore's majority	8,347

Gov. Price of New Jersey, has designated the 20th of November for Thanksgiving Day.

[illegible]

Sheriff Taylor was a man beloved and respected by all. As an officer, he was faithful, energetic and efficient. His loss falls heavily upon our citizens, and to his family it is an inexpressible bereavement. Stricken down in the discharge of duty, within sight of his home, and his wife a witness to the deed, makes the stoutest heart quail at its recollection.

Having been a Royal Arch Mason, his remains will be conducted to their final resting place by the members of the fraternity, to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Respectfully yours,
A. G. Springsteen.

Card from the National Kansas Committee.

To the Editor of the Chicago Times—

Sir:—In several of your recent issues, you charge that "the money collected in the name of suffering Kansas," was expended lavishly "to corrupt the integrity of voters"—"to hire bullies to intimidate voters" in this City and State, &c. &c.

To all statements and insinuations of this kind, we wish to oppose our full and unequivocal denial. The funds collected for the relief of Kansas, and intrusted to our hands, have been applied, according to our best judgment, in strict accordance with the views of the donors, and in no instance have they been directed to electioneering purposes, here or elsewhere. Accounts are kept in our office, showing the uses to which this money has been appropriated, and which we are ready to submit, at any time, to a proper auditing committee.

To the friends of Kansas, we wish to say, that we should deem any such misapplication of their gifts, as that charged by the editor of the *Times*, a breach of a sacred trust, and one of which this community, political enemies as well as friends, will, we believe, deem us incapable.

J. D. Webster,
H. B. Hurd,
Geo. W. Dole,
W. F. M. Arny,
National Kansas Committee.

New York—Official.

All of the counties have been heard from officially, except three districts in Cattaraugus county, and the vote stands Fremont, 275,265; Buchanan, 194,758; Fillmore, 124,275.

Fremont over Buchanan, 80,427.
Fremont over Fillmore, 150,910.
Opposition over Buchanan, 231, 337.

Four years ago Pierce had 27,201 majority, which shows that the Democracy have lost in the Empire State (in four years) the enormous number of two hundred and fifty-eight thousand five hundred and thirty-eight.

New Jersey—Official.

The whole number of votes cast in N. Jersey for Buchanan were 47,112; Fremont were 28,407; Fillmore were 24,091; Buchanan over Fremont 19,105; Fremont and Fillmore over Buchanan 4,985. The total vote on Congress stood Republican 51,523; dem 47,105; Republican majority 4,415.

The vote on Governor stood—Newell, Republican 50,900; Alexander Democrat 48,240; Republican majority 2,657.

In 1852 Pierce carried New Jersey by 5,749, which shows a loss to the Slavocracy of 10,733 votes in that little State, and that too in the face of the divisions and distraction of its opponents.

The Presidential Electors.—The Presidential Electors chosen on the 4th inst., will be called by the Governors of States to meet in each State capital on the first wednesday of December, and cast their vote, and choose a messenger to carry it sealed to Washington. On the second Wednesday of February the returns will be counted by Congress and declared.

Wm. Jones, Jr., of Mobile, has ordered a first class locomotive to be built for the Mobile and Ohio railroad, which he intends presenting to the company. The engine is to be as fine as can be made, and, if possible, superior to any run upon Northern roads. It will cost some $10,000 or $12,000.

Result in New York.—Fremont's majority over Buchanan now reaches 77,[illegible]—over Fillmore, 137,872. [illegible]

Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. [illegible]

The Board of Supervisors met [illegible] for the transaction of business. Present, A. Aldrich, [illegible] L. Pratt, [illegible] M. C. Taylor, [illegible] D. Hurley, M. W. Hollingsworth, P. Markley, R. Artt, Supervisors, and R. G. Bailey, Clerk.

M. W. Hollingsworth was elected Chairman of the Board, to fill vacancy occasioned by the death of Garner Moffett.

L. Pratt presented his resignation as a member of the Court House Building Committee—resignation accepted, and said Pratt excused from further service.

The resolution passed at last session of the Board, to sell the County Farm reconsidered.

The following resolutions were passed, viz:

Resolved, That the committee appointed at the last meeting of the Board, to sell the County Farm, is hereby excused from further duty, and that the committee appointed to superintend the farm the present year be instructed to make necessary improvements, such as fencing, building stables, &c., and that they be authorized to draw through the Clerk, orders on the Treasury, to pay cost of such improvements.

Resolved, That B. R. Frohock, be a committee to act for the county, in relation to paupers at the Poor Farm, empowered to say what paupers shall be placed there, and the time when they shall be discharged, and that no person shall be authorized to obtain any articles of clothing or otherwise for said paupers unless instructed so to do by said B. R. Frohock, and that the county will pay no claims unless contracted in accordance to this resolution.

Resolved, That the Drainage Commissioner be instructed to make further examination of the Dyson and Willow Island lakes, with regard to drainage; also to see if any amicable and just arrangement can be made with the proper authorities of Whiteside county, by which the Willow Island lake can be drained into Otter creek, and report at the next session of this Board.

Resolved, That thirty dollars be added to a former appropriation for erecting bridges across Rock creek, near Mr. Belding's, and its branch, near Mr Thompson's to be paid when said bridges are properly certified to by the commissioners of Highways of Rock creek.

Resolved, That the Commissioners of Highways of Woodland township, be permitted to apply the appropriation allowed by resolution of the Board, of March 11th, 1856, for a bridge on Section 21, Town 25, Range 4, as per said resolution, to a point designated in a petition to the Commissioners of Highways of Woodland, dated Nov. 4th, 1856.

Resolved, That the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, be and the same is hereby appropriated, (in addition to two hundred and fifty already appropriated) towards constructing a bridge across Plum River, on the road leading from Jacob's mill to Hanover, that on the construction of said bridge, and on the written acceptance of the same by the commissioners of said town of Woodland being filed with the County Clerk, the Clerk shall issue orders for said sum on the County Treasury.

Resolved, That Wm. T. Miller be appointed the Attorney of Carroll county; to prosecute or defend for said county, in all legal business in which it shall be concerned or a party to, and do all other legal business the Board shall require of him—to be paid a reasonable compensation for the service he may do for, and at the request of said county.—He not to be engaged in any case against said county.

The annual Report of the Drainage Commissioner was received and approved, said report shows a ballance in commissioners' hands of $155.

A petition of Levi Warner and others, asking an appropriation of one hundred dollars in addition to an amount already appropriated for a bridge across Elkhorn creek, near Mr. Tharp's, was presented to the Board, and on motion the prayer of the same was refused.

J. P. Emmert, Clerk of the Circuit Court, presented a Report of the names of persons serving as Grand and Petit Jurors at last term of Circuit Court, the number of days each attended, and the amount of certificates to each. Total amount of certificates issued, $275.30—which report was approved.

On motion the Board ordered that Judges and Clerks of the election held, Nov. 4th, 1856, be allowed the lawful fee—the Clerk to issue orders on the Treasury for their several amounts.

Bills allowed:—

E. Woodruff, Coroner,—Holding inquest on dead body, summoning Jury, Burial expenses, &c.,	$8.75
E. Woodruff,—Attending pauper,	5.00
Silas Killam,—Boarding and care of pauper,	5.50
Carleen Frank,—Boarding and care of pauper,	20.00
W. T. Miller,—Room for Grand Jury,	6.00
D. H. Wheeler, School Com.,—Blank Books,	10.25
Chapman & Irvine,—Sundries for Poor Farm,	20.68
A. Shoemaker,—Guarding prisoner,	3.00
L. Pratt—Services on committe on Poor House,	4.50
Thomas W. James,—Ballot-box for Washington,	1.40
Jacob Hollinger—Boarding pauper,	1.50
J. P. Emmert,—Ex officio service, wood, &c.,	22.48
Nelson & Bohn,—Sundries furnished for Poor Farm, as per bill on file,	25.53
W. T. Miller,—For convictions as State's Attorney,	75.00
S. S. Dunn, Sheriff,—Ex officio services, summoning Jury, attending Circuit and Probate Court,	42.00
Noah Green,—Attending Circuit Court as constable,	6.00
Amos Shoemaker,—Same,	6.00
David Becker,—Same,	6.00
Charles Bennett,—Same,	6.00
R. H. Gray,—Services as Drainage Commissioner,	259.40
Each supervisor, for posting Election Notices,	1.50

The Committee appointed at the Sept. term, to obtain Draught and Specifications for a Jail and County Offices, made a report, or statement to the effect, that owing to the death of Garner Moffett and other circumstances they were unable to attend to their duties as they would like to have done. A draught of a Jail was presented by the committee, which was examined by the Board.

John Wilson, Esq., appeared before the Board and stated in substance, that if the county would loan its credit to the amount of $100,000, for a term of years in consideration thereof, he would build the Court House for the county, according to the Plan and Specifications, approved by the Board, March 11th, 1856, and would secure the county in double the amount of the bonds the county might issue against the payment of said bonds, or against the payment of any interest on said bonds. Whereupon the Board—

Resolved, That M. W. Hollingsworth, D. Hurley, and B. R. Frohock, be a committee, appointed by the Board for the purpose of receiving and consulting with John Wilson, in relation to [illegible] contract to build a Court House and Jail and Fire-Proof Offices, upon [illegible] and report [illegible] Board. [illegible] notice to the [illegible] of the time [illegible] to give written notice to each member of the Board.

1st. To report upon what terms and in what time said Wilson will build said Court House, Jail and Fire-Proof Offices.

2d. What payment shall be made for the building thereof.

3d. The nature, kind, and amount of security [illegible]

4th. The amount of bonds to be issued by the county, rate of interest, time and manner of payment [illegible]

Voted, That each supervisor and the Clerk be allowed the usual per diem for attendance at this session of the Board.

Voted, That the Proceedings of this session of the Board be published in the *Carroll County Republican*, and five dollars be allowed therefor.

Voted to adjourn.

M. W. Hollingsworth, Chair'n.
R. G. Bailey, Clerk.

The Record of a Triumph.
Consolation for the Suffering.

There is no little consolation in the fact, that, however the impostor may flourish for a season, he cannot long continue to delude mankind. How many men contrive to acquire a brief and flashy reputation, and then sink into disrepute and oblivion! This is especially true of the pretenders to medical skill, who, in an age when diseases abound, seek to inveigle themselves into the confidence of the public, and to impose upon it with their noxious nostrums. We confess that, years ago, when we first heard of the universal celebrity of Professor Holloway, we distrusted his lofty claims, and arrogated to ourselves a superiority of discernment which would not allow him to entrap our judgment. Most heartily do we beg his pardon for the unjust imputation. A careful study of his system convinced us that we were indeed mistaken and that the world, to do him justice, should immediately, as it undoubtedly will hereafter, rank him foremost among its benefactors. He has solved the mystery of human diseases, and proved that all medical treatment, from the time of Hunter, has been based upon false premises. Jenner did not effect a greater revolution in the method of dealing with the small-pox, than Dr. Holloway has done in the ordinary medical routine of the present day.

The human blood is not a mere fluid coursing through the veins and arteries, and partaking of the mere qualities of other fluids. It is—startling as the treatment may seem—ALIVE. It is, in plain words, "the life of man." All physiological diseases, such as indigestion, deranged kidneys, liver, heart, lungs, stomach, all impure secretions in the body, and a large majority of epidemic and endemic diseases have their origin, or, at least their exciting cause in the impure state of the blood. Cleanse that and keep it cleansed, and no sickness can prostrate, or even assail the system.—This splendid discovery has given a lustre to Professor Holloway's name, transcending the renown of heroes and statesmen.—We do not wonder at the great fame he has acquired in Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia. We rejoice that he has visited our own country and opened an establishment in New York, which will be a very Temple of Health to our own citizens.—His Pills and Ointment are the most wonderful sanatives which science and skill have yet produced.—[N. Y. Sunday Times.

Holloway's Pills, an extraordinary Remedy for Termination of Blood to the Head.—Henrietta Wright, of Newburg, N. York, suffered most excessively for eight years and a half from termination of blood to the head, so bad at times that she would fall down in crossing a room as if dead. She consulted three different physicians, and studiously followed their advice, which however failed to benefit her, and her dissolution was hourly expected. At this time she tried Holloway's Pills, which quickly did their work, by removing from the system all the noxious matter, carrying off the bad fluids, and left her in the enjoyment of perfect health, her friends have all been astonished at the apparent transformation, yet all this has been effected by Holloway's Pills.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, in another column. We have tried it ourself, and can testify to its utility as a preserver of that beautiful ornament, the hair. Of its modus operandi we know nothing, and doubt whether any one else does; but of its effects we do know.—We believe it to be an important [illegible] to old bachelors and widowers, whose [illegible] pates are in the way of wedlock. Try it, gentlemen.—Louisville Times.

Wells' German Liniment is becoming the watchword in public and private. If any accident happens, the first word is, "use Wells' German Liniment." All who use it once, become firm advocates for its use. The sale of one bottle thus makes sale for many others. No remedy ever took better with the people, and it is bound to have a long successful run.

Sold in Mt. Carroll by Hostetter & Lichty.

A Free State in Texas.

Some may look upon such a thing as a free State of Western Texas as improbable, particularly at a time when such strenuous efforts are being made to carry slavery into Kansas, where slavery does not now exist by positive law. Yet there is a strong probability that such an event will occur within the next ten years. Our opinion is based upon the fact that foreign immigration is greater than domestic, by at least ten to one; and upon the well known fact that foreign immigration is opposed to slavery, from principle, prejudice and education. And there are many of the immigrants from the older States opposed to slavery, who quietly tolerate it so long as it is an institution of the State, but who will vote no slavery when the question comes up whether Western Texas shall be a free or slave State. This fact is not generally known; if so, it is not duly considered. The vote of the adopted citizens of Texas now amounts to at least twelve thousand. In less than three years it will be [illegible] times that number, unless the naturalization laws are changed. The increase will be in a much greater ratio than that of the native born vote.—[San Antonio Texan.

Wrecks in October.—During last month, 32 American sea going vessels were totally lost. The value of the boats and their cargoes was about [illegible]

Pig City ...—The Gas Company in Louisville, Kentucky, has been obliged to shut off the gas from private houses, on account of the scarcity of coal. [illegible]

New Bank at Cincinnati.—A movement is now progressing at Cincinnati to establish a branch of the State Bank of Ohio at that city, with a capital of $500,000, the amount apportioned under the charter. A preliminary meeting was held. The greater portion of the stock was taken by some of the leading business men. One party offered to take $80,000, which was refused, as the object is to divide the stock, by giving $200,000 to the citizens of that city, and the remaining $300,000 to the stockholders of the other branches throughout the State.

The Hog Season.—The Cincinnati papers state that the hog market is still to a great extent inactive, owing to the warmth of the weather. The only transaction on Saturday was 500 head, for delivery on 15th, at $6.25. In St. Louis, on Tuesday last, the first transaction of the season took place. There was a sale of one thousand head of good corn fed, to average two hundred pounds, for January delivery, and the seller to pack, at $5 per 100 lbs. net. Packers state that they are willing to pay the same for other lots during the month of December.

Another Southern Outrage.—Mr. Stannard formerly of Connecticut, but for many years a resident of Norfolk, Va., ventured in that city to vote for Fremont. The fact became known, and Stannard was beset by a mob. He kept in the house for several days, and at last effected an escape in disguise to a vessel in which he came home. If the inhabitants of Norfolk are to be judged by the incident, we think a little more yellow fever would do the city no harm.—*Boston Atlas.*

Immigrants.—During the month of October 15,440 immigrants landed at New York, bringing with them $1,276,516 in money—being an average of $77.54 per head. The total immigration at New York, so far this year, has been 122,811—being 129 less than the same period last year.

Pennsylvania Election.
Philadelphia, Nov. 17.
Returns from all the counties in the State are in, and the vote stands as follows: Buchanan, 230,500; Fusion-Fremont, 147,443; Fusion-Fillmore, 55,891; straight Fillmore, 26,338; straight Fremont, 101; Gerrit Smith, 18. Buchanan's majority over all, 705.

A Post Office Robbed.
Cleveland, Nov. 14, 1856.
The Post-office at Delaware, Ohio, was robbed on Monday night of all the letters it contained, and afterwards set on fire, but the flames were discovered in season to extinguish them without much damage being done.

St. Louis, Nov. 17.
A letter in the *Democrat*, dated Lawrence 10th, says last Saturday 20 prisoners taken at Hickory Point, under Col. Harvey, were found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to five years imprisonment at hard labor.

Philadelphia, Nov. 17.
We have a dispatch from our correspondent at Lancaster, dated this evening. He states that there had been a heavy run upon the bank today, but that it is discharging all its obligations promptly and is understood to be able to meet all possible demands of its creditors. Mr. Beachman, the former President, having resigned, A. Herr Smith was unanimously elected his successor.

Detroit, Nov. 17.
The steamer North Star has arrived here and reports propeller B. L. Webb burned at Whiskey Bay, Lake Superior, on the morning of the 13th, with full load for Marquette. Valued at $60,000. Insured for $40,000 in several offices. Her first trip. Nothing saved but a little bedding. No lives lost.

Bank Robbery.
Buffalo, Nov. 17.
The City Bank was robbed last night, but fortunately it contained only $8,000. The entrance was effected by undermining the safe.

Mt. Carroll Market.
(Corrected weekly by Nelson & Bohn.)
Mt. Carroll, November 21, 1856.
[illegible]

Freeport Market.
(Corrected weekly by H. D. Smith.)
[illegible]

Married.

In Mt. Carroll, on the 6th inst, by Rev. J. V. Allison, Mr. Peter Berlin and Miss Mary C. Patterson.

At the Pennsylvania House, in Freeport, Nov. 13, by Geo. Purinton, Esq., [illegible] both of Carroll county.

Died.

[illegible]

Special Notices.

Scrofula and Salt Rheum of Four Years Standing, Cured by Carter's Spanish Mixture. [illegible]

Dyspepsia, in all its various forms of [illegible]

Certificate of R. Woodward, Esq. [illegible]

Savanna Lodge No. 164 I. O. O. F. Meets every Saturday evening at their Hall in Savanna. [illegible]

Carroll Lodge, No. 50 I. O. O. F. The regular night of meeting of Carroll Lodge No. 50, Monday evening of each week in the upper part of the building now occupied by Rothschild & Co. [illegible]

Sylvan Lodge. Sylvan Lodge, No. 154, I. O. O. F., [illegible]

Cyrus Lodge. Cyrus Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, [illegible]

R. M. Hobson, Druggist, in Freeport, [illegible]

This being the season of the year [illegible]

New Advertisements.

Volney Armour, Clerk of the Circuit Court, General Land and Collecting Agent, Mt. Carroll Illinois. [illegible]

Dissolution. The copartnership (in the practice of Law) heretofore existing between William T. Miller and Volney Armour is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Wm. T. Miller. Volney Armour. Mt. Carroll, Nov. 12th, 1856.

New York Store! Savanna, Illinois. New York Retail Prices! The greatest variety and best selected assortment of Dry Goods ever offered for sale, have lately arrived, and are now opening at the new stand of **Orr & Tomlinson.** Having just received from New York, a new stock of **Fall and Winter Goods,** [illegible] **Ready Made Clothing** and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, Wall Paper, Curtains, Oil Cloths, Carpeting, and a variety of Household Furniture, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c., &c. [illegible]

In Chancery. Carroll county Circuit Court, October Term, A. D., 1856. [illegible] R. G. Bailey, Master in Chancery.

Who Wants a Picture! [illegible] **Sky-Light,** [illegible] **Ambrotypes and Sphereotypes** [illegible] **Photographs!** [illegible]

For Sale—One Span of Horses. One span of horses and wagon for sale. [illegible] Thomas Lambert.

Stoves! Stoves! Stoves!
Campbell & Stouffer, have just received the largest assortment of Stoves ever brought to this city, comprising *New and beautiful styles of Cook, Parlor, Room and Office Stoves, suited to please* the most fastidious taste in beauty, excellence, durability and cheapness. Also an extensive **Assortment of Hardware. Cutlery.** Knives and Table Spoons, Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Chisels, Augers, Saws, Spades, Forks, Locks, Latches, Butts, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Shovels, Chains. In short, all the articles generally kept in Hardware Stores here or elsewhere. Also, *Dixon's celebrated Family Meat Cutters, Warranted to cut 150 lbs. per hour.* [illegible] Old Pewter, Brass and Copper taken in exchange for ware. Mt. Carroll, October 22, 1856. Campbell & Stouffer.

All Right On the Goose Question! Exciting Times!! About the Election!!! [illegible] Chapman & Irvine's, who have just received their large and fine **Stock of Fall Goods!!** [illegible] **Dry Goods,** [illegible] **Our Stock of Gents' Wear,** [illegible] **Clothing for Men and Boys,** **Hats and Caps of all sorts,** [illegible] **Our Stock of Boots and Shoes** [illegible] **Ladies' and Gents' Shawls, Ladies' Winter Bonnets,** Cloaks and Basques, [illegible] Wool Hoods and Comforters, Sleeves and Armlets, Basques and Coat, and lots of fancy articles. **Ladies' Silk and Morino Vests,** [illegible] **Our Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, &c., &c.** [illegible] November 6, 1856. Chapman & Irvine.

Chapman & Irvine have a large lot of rubber coats, pants, leggins, caps, hats, boots and shoes [illegible]

The largest stock of Hats and Caps [illegible] Chapman & Irvine.

A large stock of Clothing, offered at very low prices. Call at Chapman & Irvine.

Estate of Jacob Penebaker, Deceased. Notice is hereby given [illegible] Christian Long, Adm'r.

Estate of Lewis Rockwell, deceased. Notice is hereby given [illegible] W. W. Rockwell, A. D. Tomlinson, Executors. Mt. Carroll, Oct. 21st, 1856.

To all Persons Interested. The undersigned administrator of the estate of Valentine Bohn deceased, [illegible] Geo. W. Harris, Adm'r. Mt. Carroll, Ill., Oct. 21st, A. D. 1856.

Cook Stove For Sale. A good cook stove, nearly new. Apply at this office.

New Arrival of Hardware. Hess & Rapp have just received an assortment of Hardware, [illegible]

Bonnets! Bonnets!! Just received from New York city, a large lot of *Ladies', Misses, and Infants' Bonnets & Hats* [illegible] Also, just received a large stock of *Men's and Boys'* Fur, Wool, Leghorn, Straw, Panama and Palm Leaf Hats. [illegible] N. Puterbaugh.

What's the Odds, so You're Happy! All customers who know their accounts to be due, will [illegible] Chapman & Irvine.

Who wants to Speculate! [illegible] Jesse Rapp.

Estray Ox and Steer. Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, [illegible] E. W. Smith.

Estray Colt. Strayed from [illegible] Caleb Walter.

Estate of Garner Moffett, Deceased. All persons holding claims against the Estate of Garner Moffett, [illegible] Wm. D. Moffett.

Bigelow's Life of Colonel Fremont! [illegible] B. F. Miller.

Valuable Property For Sale. On the Public Square, In Mt. Carroll. The subscriber will sell his [illegible] J. & J. F. Meyers.

Just Received at Jno. B. Christian's, Direct from the City of New York, [illegible] **Watches,** [illegible] **Jewelry,** [illegible] **Clocks!** [illegible] **Warranted** [illegible] Jno. B. Christian.

Ladies please give us a Call. Misses Pennypacker & Thomas, would inform the citizens of Mt. Carroll and vicinity that they have opened a **Variety Store,** one door west of Miss Bigger's Millinery. They have constantly on hand a good assortment of **Ladies' and Childrens Gaiters, Shoes, &c.** [illegible] **Worsted Fruit, Flowers, Silk Embroidery, &c.** [illegible] Pennypacker & Thomas.

Fall and Winter Millinery. S. M. Bigger & Co., would respectfully inform the Ladies of Mt. Carroll and vicinity that they have just received the latest and most approved styles of Fall and Winter **Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons,** *French and American Flowers, Feathers, Ruches, Bonnet Silks, satins and velvets, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, &c., &c.* [illegible]

New Millinery and Variety Store, in Savanna, Illinois. [illegible] **Mrs. Hungerford** would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies of Savanna and the surrounding country [illegible] **French Flowers and Feathers,** [illegible] **Bonnets made and trimmed** [illegible]

Just Published! Dr. Kane's Arctic Explorations, in search of **Sir John Franklin** during the years 1853, 1854 and 1855, being a *Personal Narrative,* [illegible] B. F. Miller.

$25,00 Reward. Stolen! From the subscriber, [illegible] Michael Peirnen.

Mt. Carroll Seminary. The fall term of this institution will open September 4th, 1856. [illegible] Wood & Gregory.

Plastering Hair for Sale by Hostetter & Lichty.

Notice. The Sale notes of the estate of John Pyle, deceased, are due. They are in the hands of [illegible]

For Sale. Two good dwelling houses—[illegible] in Mt. Carroll. J. & B. H. Halderman.

A fine lot of Wall Paper just received by Chapman & Irvine.

Ploughs! Ploughs!! Right and left-hand [illegible] J. & B. H. Halderman.

Rothschild & Co's Column. New Goods, for Winter Trade! 1856. [illegible] **Dry Goods, Carpets, Clothing,** Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Notions, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Bonnets, &c., &c., &c. [illegible] **No Old Goods!** [illegible] **Ladies' Dress Goods.** Black Silks, Rich Chene Silks, Stripe Silks, 75c. French Merinos, 75 and up. Ombre d'Laine, Rich Gala Plaids, Poplins, De Beges, 15c and up, Copros d'Laines, Plaid Flannels, Ginghams, 10c & up, French Prints, English Prints, 1,000 yards D'Laines for 12½ cts a yard. **Shawls.** Brocha Shawls, Cashmere Shawls, Bay State Shawls, Thistle Down Shawls, French Shawls, Plaid Shawls, Printed Shawls. **Curtain Goods.** Worsted Damaks, Muslins, Lace Curtains, Tassels, Loops, &c., &c. **Rich Embroideries.** [illegible] **Bird's Nests for Ladies.** [illegible] **Under Garments!** [illegible] **Two Suits of Clothing For every Man and Boy in Carroll County.** [illegible]

Good Double over-coats from $2.50 & up.	
" Business coats,	2,50
" Heavy over-coats,	3,50
" Casinett Pants,	1 25
" Heavy Vests,	1,25
" Black Sattin Vests,	1,50
Fine casimer pants bl'k & fancy,	3,00

[illegible] **Boots, Shoes,** and Gaiters of all kinds and styles; **Children's shoes,** Buffalo Over-shoes, &c. **Hats & Caps.** [illegible] **Cloths, Casimers and Satinetts.** [illegible] **Don't forget the place.** [illegible] No charge for showing Goods, [illegible] **To Country Merchants,** and Pedlars, come in and you will save yourselves both money and time. H. Rothschild & Co. Mt. Carroll, October 2, 1856.

A choice lot of Carpeting, [illegible]
A large lot of Cocheco Bed & Horse Blankets, [illegible]
A fine lot of Ladies Cloaks, [illegible]
A very fine lot of choice Bonnets, [illegible]
We have a heavy lot of Ladies and Gentlemen's [illegible]
A large lot of Ladies Furs, [illegible]

Wanted! Wanted! Mink skins, and all kinds of Furs wanted; also Sheep Hides, [illegible] Rothschild & Co.

200 Pieces Potomatus Coburg, [illegible]
200 Pieces De Laines, all wool, [illegible]

New Firm! New Goods!! at the Farmers and Mechanic's Store, 2 Doors West of Chapman & Irvine's. **C. S. Wilson & Co.** would most respectfully [illegible] *Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Clothing, &c.,* [illegible] **Their Stock of Dry Goods** [illegible] **No Charge for Showing Goods.** October 2, 1856. C. S. Wilson & Co.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods, for which the highest market price will be paid. C. S. W. & Co.

The Racine and Mississippi R. R. Open to Rockton! Change of Time. *On and after Wednesday, Oct. 29th, 1856, Trains will leave as follows:* **Going West—Leave Racine.** [illegible] **Going East.** [illegible] 7 A. M. Train from Racine connects with the "Chicago, St. Paul and Fond du Lac Railroad" at Clinton, for Chicago, Janesville and Madison; at Beloit with "Beloit and Madison Railroad" for Afton and Footville; also with "Galena and Chicago Railroad" for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Galena and Dubuque. 6:30 A.M. and 12:50 P.M. trains from Rockton [illegible] 9:45 A.M. Accommodation trains from Rockton [illegible] Steamers leave Racine every evening, [illegible] H. S. Durand, President. Racine, Wisconsin, October 22d, 1856.

Employment For 1,000 Persons. Wanted immediately, agents in every county in the United States to engage in the sale of **The Garden of the World, or, the Great West; its History, its Wealth, its Natural Advantages, and its Future.** [illegible] Address D. Rulison, No. 33 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]

J. A. Sangston, still continues the **Saddle, Bridle, Harness and Trunk Manufactory,** in Milledgeville, Carroll County, Illinois. [illegible] **Half Spanish and Spanish Saddles,** [illegible] **Carriage Trimming.** [illegible] J. A. Sangston.

Money! Money!! Money!!! Why be without money! [illegible] Dwight Morrow, N. Y.

Notice Extraordinary. To the good people of Milledgeville and surrounding country, [illegible] **Stock of Goods,** [illegible] *at Cost for Ready Money.* [illegible] James McCreedy, Jr.

Gentlemen [illegible] Chapman & Irvine.

Dred, a Tale of the Great Dismal Swamp, [illegible] B. F. Miller.

[illegible]

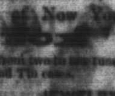
A Marvellous Remedy! For a Marvellous Age!!

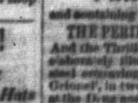
Holloway's Ointment. The Grand External Remedy. By the aid of the microscope, we see millions of little openings on the surface of our bodies. [illegible] **Erysipelas, Salt Rheum and Scorbutic Humors.** [illegible] **Sore Legs, Sore Breasts, Wounds and Ulcers.** [illegible] **Piles and Fistulas.** [illegible] *Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:* [illegible]

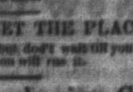
F. Brown's Essence of Jamaica Ginger. This Essence is a preparation of unusual excellence. In ordinary diarrhoea, incipient cholera, in short, in all cases of prostration of the digestive functions, it is of inestimable value. During the prevalence of epidemic cholera and summer complaints of children, it is peculiarly efficacious; no family, individual, or traveller should be without it. Caution.—Beware to get the genuine Essence, which is prepared only by F. Brown, at his Drug and Chemical Store, N. E. Corner of Fifth and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all the respectable Apothecaries in the United States. Sold in Mt. Carroll by Hostetter & Lichty; in Savanna by Dr. R. Woodruff; in Milledgeville by C. E. Olmstead.

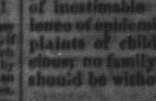
Fifty Dollars Reward. Stolen from the stable of [illegible] Mt. Carroll, [illegible]

If you wish to get the value of your money, [illegible] Chapman & Irvine.









NEW GOODS.

Just Received at the N. E. Corner of the Square.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Crockery, Hardware and Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils, Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Salt, Fish, Flour, Feed, Provisions, Produce, Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Notions, Yankee Notions, Stationery, Books, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Clothing, Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Etc., Etc., Etc.

HEAVY DRY GOODS.

GOODS FOR THE LADIES.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

HATS AND CAPS.

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

ALSO HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also a Full Assortment of DRUGS AND FANCY FURNITURE.

Quick Sales and Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WM. M. BAIRD,
Chicago Avenue.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mary Ann Hoffman, after this date.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

Mt. Carroll Library.

The Library will be open for the delivery of books on Saturday afternoon of each week, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

MORE NEW GOODS,
AT
IRVINE & PIERCE'S,
W. side of the Square, Mt. Carroll.

We are receiving a large and well selected stock of Goods, which we will sell at the lowest cash prices.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

J. DUPUIS.

NEW GOODS.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Crockery, Hardware and Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils, Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Salt, Fish, Flour, Feed, Provisions, Produce, Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Notions, Yankee Notions, Stationery, Books, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Clothing, Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Etc., Etc., Etc.

HEAVY DRY GOODS.

GOODS FOR THE LADIES.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

HATS AND CAPS.

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

ALSO HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also a Full Assortment of DRUGS AND FANCY FURNITURE.

Quick Sales and Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WM. M. BAIRD,
Chicago Avenue.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

Notice.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

Mt. Carroll Library.

The Library will be open for the delivery of books on Saturday afternoon of each week, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mary Ann Hoffman, after this date.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

Mt. Carroll Library.

The Library will be open for the delivery of books on Saturday afternoon of each week, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

J. DUPUIS.

NEW GOODS.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Crockery, Hardware and Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils, Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Salt, Fish, Flour, Feed, Provisions, Produce, Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Notions, Yankee Notions, Stationery, Books, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Clothing, Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Etc., Etc., Etc.

HEAVY DRY GOODS.

GOODS FOR THE LADIES.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

HATS AND CAPS.

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

ALSO HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also a Full Assortment of DRUGS AND FANCY FURNITURE.

Quick Sales and Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WM. M. BAIRD,
Chicago Avenue.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mary Ann Hoffman, after this date.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

Mt. Carroll Library.

The Library will be open for the delivery of books on Saturday afternoon of each week, from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

J. DUPUIS.

NEW GOODS.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Crockery, Hardware and Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Glass, Paints and Oils, Drugs and Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Salt, Fish, Flour, Feed, Provisions, Produce, Groceries, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Notions, Yankee Notions, Stationery, Books, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Bonnets, Clothing, Hardware and Cutlery, Groceries, Etc., Etc., Etc.

HEAVY DRY GOODS.

GOODS FOR THE LADIES.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

HATS AND CAPS.

FOR SUMMER WEAR.

ALSO HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Also a Full Assortment of DRUGS AND FANCY FURNITURE.

Quick Sales and Small Profits for Ready Pay.

WM. M. BAIRD,
Chicago Avenue.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

MORE NEW GOODS,
AT
IRVINE & PIERCE'S,
W. side of the Square, Mt. Carroll.

We are receiving a large and well selected stock of Goods, which we will sell at the lowest cash prices.

Mt. Carroll, Nov. 15, 1856.

J. DUPUIS